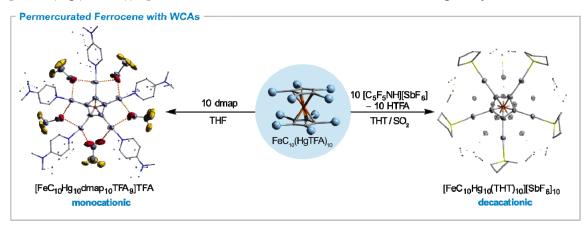
SYNTHESIS OF A FERROCENE DECA- AND UNDECACATION

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Mercury(II) compounds HgX_2 (X = carboxylate) react with aromatic molecules by an electrophilic substitution mechanism to replace the aromatic protons by HgX substituents under liberation of HX [1]. This reactivity can be used for achieving multiple metalations in one-pot reactions. Recently, we reported a procedure for a clean tenfold mercuration of ferrocene with mercury(II) butyrate in high yields [2]. Although the compound [FeC₁₀(HgO₂CC₃H₇)₁₀] offers relatively weak Hg-C bonds allowing transmetallation and electrophilic substitution reactions, we demonstrated recently that they are chemically inert towards air and strong Brønsted acids (e.g. $CF_3CO_2H pK_a =$ (-2.7) [2.3]. In this work we investigated the reactivity towards Brønsted superacids. We were able to introduce labile ligands, e.g. by protonation of $[FeC_{10}(HgO_2CCF_3)_{10}]$ with $(C_5F_5NH)(SbF_6)$ (pK_a) -11) [4]. In the resulting compound. $[FeC_{10}Hg_{10}(NC_5F_5)_n][SbF_6]_{10}$, the pentafluoropyridine ligands are readily displaced by a series of other neutral ligands (C₅F₃H₂N, MeCN, THT, Fe(CO)₅). The compounds were characterized by vibrational and NMR spectroscopy in case of soluble compounds as well as single-crystal XRD. Moreover, cyclic voltammetry measurements reveal that the compounds $[FeC_{10}(Hg(MeCN))_{10}]^{10+}$ and $[FeC_{10}(Hg(THT))_{10}]^{10+}$ can be further oxidized. By reaction of $[FeC_{10}(Hg(MeCN))_{10}]^{10+}$ with MoF₆ the cation $[FeC_{10}(Hg(MeCN))_{10}]^{11+}$ could be isolated and characterized via single-crystal XRD.



Scheme 1. Reaction of $[FeC_{10}(HgTFA)_{10}]$ with dmap (left) and with $(C_5F_5NH)(SbF_6)$ in a THT/SO₂ mixture (right) and molecular structructures in solid state of $[FeC_{10}(Hg dmap)_{10}TFA_9]^+$ and $[FeC_{10}(HgTHT)_{10}]^{10+}$. Disorder and hydrogen atoms as well as selected anions are omitted for clarity. Color code: light grey – mercury, light yellow – sulfur, yellow – fluorine, red – oxygen, blue – nitrogen, grey – carbon.

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