## STRUCTURE/ (RE)ACTIVITY RELATIONSHIPS IN RADIOPHARMACEUTICAL COORDINATION CHEMISTRY: IS IT NECESSARY?

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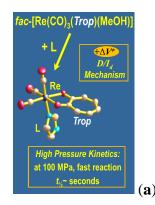
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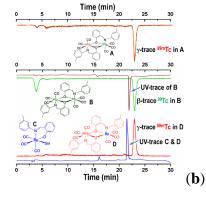
Three examples of the delicate interplay between structure and (re)activity [kinetics] of model radiopharmaceutical agents are presented, focusing on Tc and Re as well known metal nuclides in nuclear medicine.

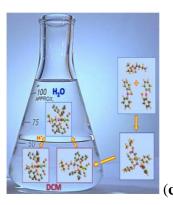
Firstly, the intimate mechanism of a simple substitution reaction using the model radiopharmaceutical synthon, fac-[M(CO)<sub>3</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>3</sub>]<sup>+</sup> is highlighted [M=Tc(I), Re(I); the H<sub>2</sub>O easily replaced by appropriate bidentate (or tridentate) director/bio-active entities, see e.g. Fig., **a** below. Depending on the bidentate ligand used to block two coordination sites, a *Dissociative*, or at least an *Interchange Dissociative* mechanism, is induced, displaying rapid kinetics as studied by high pressure stopped flow spectroscopy. [1]

Next, using kinetic principles, and carefully manipulating conditions, dinuclear (using Schiff bases) and tetranuclear mixed nuclide <sup>99m</sup>Tc, <sup>99</sup>Tc, and Re complexes are generated via self-assembly, yielding frameworks containing simple single donor atom bridges. The model theranostic complexes are confirmed by HPLC, see Fig., **b** [2,3].

Finally, a proof-of-concept to modify the water solubility/potential biological effects of a *bis*(diphenylphosphino)alkylamine (PNP) bidentate ligand for <sup>186</sup>Re, <sup>188</sup>Re and <sup>99m</sup>Tc, is presented, to potentially study the *radio*toxicity of PNP complexes. A tertiary butoxycarbonyl protected *N'*-Boc-ethylenediamine-*N,N-bis*(diphenylphosphino) ligand (N'-Boc-PNP) and the corresponding *fac*-[Re(CO)<sub>3</sub>(N'-Boc-PNP)Br] are synthesized, see Fig., **c**. De-protecting the N'-Boc amine (TFA) produces D<sub>2</sub>O soluble (>0.05 M) *fac*-[Re(NH<sub>3</sub><sup>+</sup>-PNP)(CO)<sub>3</sub>Br].CF<sub>3</sub>COO<sup>-</sup>, in near quantitative yield). <sup>99</sup>Tc/Re can be interchanged, confirmed by the isolation of *fac*-[<sup>99</sup>Tc(CO)<sub>3</sub>(N'-Boc-PNP)(Cl)]. [4]







<sup>[1]</sup> M. Schutte-Smith, A. Roodt, H.G. Visser. Dalton Trans. 2019, 48, 9984-9997. Back Cover featured.

<sup>[2]</sup> A. Frei, P.P. Mokolokolo, R. Bolliger, H. Braband, M.S. Tsosane, A. Brink, A. Roodt, R. Alberto. *Chem. Eur. J.* 2018 24 (41), 10397-10402.

<sup>[3]</sup> A. Roodt, R.A. Alberto, A. Frei, P.P. Mokolokolo, R.K. Bolliger, A. Brink, D.V. Kama. PCT Patent. *PCT/IB2018/060506* | VS Ref: P3490pc00-TM6JA/LD, *WO2019/123409 A1*, 27 June 2019.

<sup>[4]</sup> D.V. Kama, A. Frei, A. Brink, H. Braband, R. Alberto, A. Roodt. *Dalton Trans.* 2021, 50 (47), 17506-17514. Front Cover Featured.