SYNTHESIS OF N-HETEROCYCLIC CARBENES THROUGH OXIDATIVE ADDITION AND SUBSEQUENT UNUSUAL CARBENE REARRANGEMENT OF AN IMIDAZOLIUM SALT

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During the last three decades, the design and development of transition metal complexes bearing N-heterocyclic carbene ligands (NHCs) has rapidly increased and NHC metal complexes became popular for catalysis and other applications.^[1] A more uncommon type of NHC complexes is that with an abnormal carbene (*a*NHC) featuring the carbene–metal bond in the C4- or C5-position of the imidazoline moiety.^[2] Siteselective syntheses of NHC metal complexes can be achieved through deprotonation of azolium salts and subsequent metallations,^[1] oxidative addition reactions of a C–X bond (X = H, Cl, Br, I) at electron rich metals^[2] or dehalogenation/metallation reaction sequences.^[3]

In this work, a rather unusual reaction has been observed by using the ligand precursor 1(I) in an oxidative addition reaction with $[M(PPh_3)_4]$ (M = Pd, Pt) as described in Fig. 1. The reaction mechanism was investigated through DFT-calculations. The oxidative addition reaction of the C–I bond at the C4-position proceeds to give the abnormal NHC metal complex. Afterwards, the metal rearranges intermolecularly to the C2-position to yield the classical NHC metal complexes [2–3] as depicted below (Fig. 1).

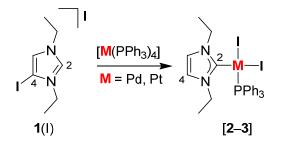


Figure 1: Oxidative addition followed by carbene rearrangement.

The expected oxidative addition reaction at the C5-position has been observed when the reaction was carried out with a PF_6 counter ion at the ligand precursor to form the abnormal NHC complex. The C2-position is still protonated and can be used for deprotonation/metallation sequences.

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